## **OPEN LEARNING SEMINAR**



# PRINCIPLES OF OPEN LEARNING





#### **OPEN LEARNING PRINCIPLES**

- Learning processes center on students and contexts of learning, build on their experience, encourage active engagement
- Learning provision is flexible
- Students have access to learning opportunities, barriers to access removed
- Learning and experience is recognized
- Credit transfer and articulation between qualifications facilitate further learning
- Providers create the conditions for success
- Students are provided with opportunities for lifelong learning

Thus, about access and success

# SECTORIAL VIEW







#### Students' Voices (#s)

Education White Paper 3
Higher Education Act

National Skills Development Strategy III Human Resource Development Strategy of South Africa (2010 – 2030)

National Development Plan
White Paper for Post-School
Education and Training
Policy for the Provision of
Distance Education in South
African Universities In the
Context of an Integrated PostSchool System

CHE SAHRC Report on Transformation



Unisa Vision
Unisa Academic Plan
(2015)
Unisa ODeL Business
Model (2013)
Unisa's Organizational
Architecture (2012)
Unisa Strategic Plan 20162030 (2015)
Dean's Position on Odel
(2015)
Leading Change Initiative
(2017)
Transformation Charter

# CHE (2014: 93)

Spatial and geographic distribution of lecturers and students:

F2F Mixed mode

Distance education

On campus

Off campus

# **UNISA**

#### Exceptions:

Practical (science, clinical psychology, visual art, social work)

WIL (engineering, social work)

Learner support (regions and f2f tutors)

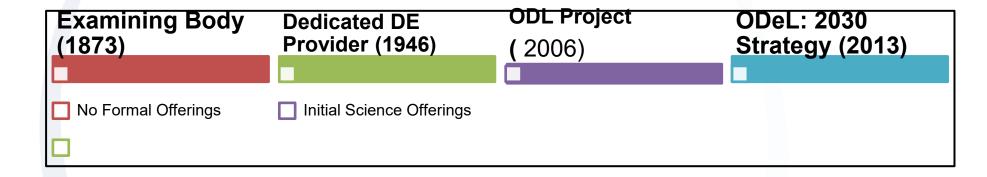
CHE. (2014). Distance Higher Education Programmes in a Digital Era: Good Practice Guide: 90-118.

# **HISTORICAL JOURNEY**





# **TOWARDS ODEL**



# Towards ODL At Unisa

"Quality access and learning through effective transactional capacity and processes"



# **BACKGROUND: ODL INITIATIVE**

South-East Asia Visit

Council Decision in 2006

Project Initiated in 2007



## Purpose Of The Project

Transform Unisa by establishing effectively contextualised ODL best practice at the institution through:

- Developing an appropriately contextualised ODL model for Unisa through:
  - Interrogation of current ODL best practice internationally and
  - Assessment of the current approach and practice at Unisa
- Introducing change initiatives to establish a relevant ODL culture and practice throughout the institution
- Impact directly on the effective access, retention and success of learners through establishing an appropriate service and learning environment

## Scope of The Project

- Optimisation of learning opportunities to enhance access, retention and throughput including:
  - Teaching and Learning approach
  - The product range and the assessment approach
  - Learner support functions including administrative, psycho-social and academic aspects
  - Access approach and facilitation of admission into UNISA and to the services of the institution
  - Business processes enabling the teaching, learning and support functions
  - Roll and position of ICT to create a technology-enabled organisation and learning environment
  - Basis for resource allocation to facilitate ODL implementation including finances, human resources and infrastructure
  - Input into the establishment of an appropriate organisational culture
  - Human resource ODL competency
- Appropriate evaluation mechanism to continuously determine relevance, effectiveness, efficiency and impact of the new approach and its
   development

# WHY CHANGE (1)

# **Internal Requirements**

- Retention
- Quality of Learning
- Success
- Throughput
- Dysfunctional Service Delivery:
  - AppropriatenessRelevance

Timeousness

Accessibility

Towards ODL at Unisa

- Reliability
- Meeting the mandate, identity and strategic commitments

# WHY CHANGE (2)

# **External Requirements:**

- Paradigm shift in Distance Education
- New understanding of the nature of learning
- Rote learning to knowledge creation (social constructivism)
- Shift from
  - Teaching to a learning approach
  - Delivery to learning facilitation
- Focus on transactional processes in the context of transactional distance
- Radical development in technology and the new opportunities in terms of:
  - Access to information
  - Processing of information
  - Learning facilitation options
- DoE Compliance issues
- Industry expectations: knowledge society
- CoL audit
- Accenture report



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Technology	Pedagogy	Student Support	Organisation and management
Intelligent flexible learning model     Full online learning and teaching	Post-modernist influences: socio- constructivism, critical theory	Renewed focus on two-way communication and social learning     Computer conferencing	Post-industrial transactional A shift in focus in real and sustained communication through emerging technology Systems approach necessary
•Flexible learning model •Emergence of online teaching and learning	•Constructivism	Students support provision increases as a result of new technologies: email, video-conferencing, computer conferencing     Individual student focus increase through new technology	Industrial Quasi-industrial approach     Systems approach emerges
Tele-learning model Still print-driven, but materials designed for DE integration of other media Two-way communication introduced	Two-way interaction rather than one-way transmission Learning rather than teaching, student centredness	Term "student support" coined (OUUK)  Two-way communication  Continuous assessment	Industrial     Mass production & distribution of learning materials
Multi-media model     Correspondence with the 'new' media	•Introduction of behaviourism •Examination-driven	Correspondence support:     assignments	
Correspondence	Transmission approach: the teacher is the expert provider of information	Correspondence support	

# **DE PEDAGOGIES**

Table 1
Summary of Distance Education Pedagogies

Generation of distance education pedagogy	Technology	Learning activities		Content granularity	Evaluation	Teacher role	Scalability
Cognitive— behaviourism	Mass media: Print, TV, radio, one-to-one communication	watch	Individual	Fine: scripted and designed from the ground up	Recall	Content creator, sage on the stage	High
Constructivism	Conferencing (audio, video, and Web), many-to-many communication		Group	Medium: scaffolded and arranged, teacher- guided	Synthesize: essays	Discussion leader, guide on the side	Low
Connectivism	Web 2.0: Social networks, aggregation & recommender systems	Explore, connect, create, and evaluate	Network	Coarse: mainly at object and person level, self- created	Artifact creation	Critical friend, co- traveler	Medium

# WHERE DO WE WANT TO BE?

Organisation and **Student Support Technology Pedagogy** management Fifth Generation ODL **Fourth Generation** Third Generation Second Generation **CURRENT UNISA** First Generation

# **DEFINITION OF ODL**

#### **CHARACTER**

Open distance learning is a multi-dimensional system aimed at bridging the time, geographical and transactional distance between:

- Student/institution
- Student/teacher

- Student/peers
- Student/material

Towards ODL at Unisa

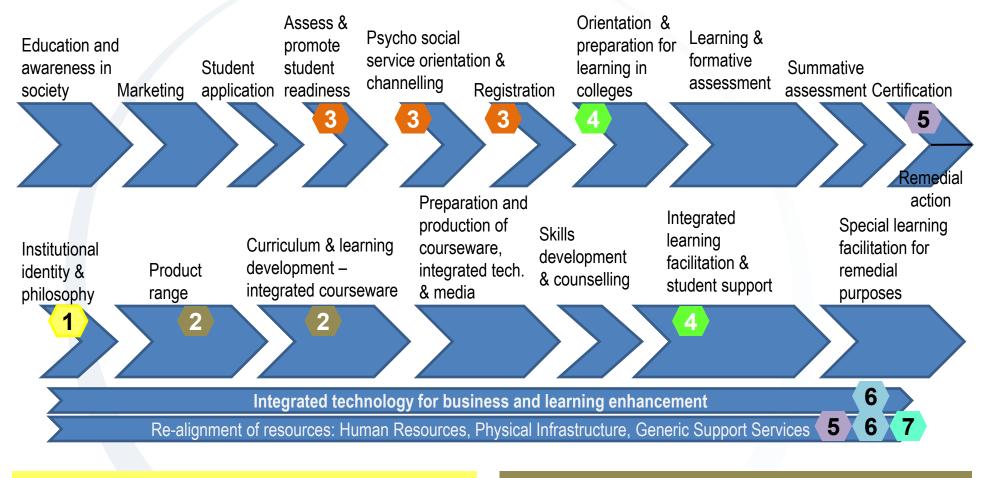
#### **How to**

- combining a number of delivery options to facilitate flexibility
- optimising learners' effective access to and participation in HE (openness)
- enhancing the engagement and autonomy of the learner (learnercentredness)

#### **ENABLERS**

- effective communication
- integrated course design
- learning resources and support functions complement each other
- effective learning
- appropriate, enabling support services and resources

# ENVISAGED VALUE CHAIN



- 1 Identity, focus and culture
- **3** Capability and capacity to facilitate access
- 5 Capacity to monitor eff&eff of learning cycle & to conclude learning

- 2 PQM / Product range
- 4 Learning process facilitation
- 6 Institutional capacity & capability to enable the business functions

# Educ: Intelly appro JIT ac Profe P **RGANIZATIONA**

Engagement with society

**Education of society on ODL** 

Intelligent marketing attracting appropriate target group equitably

JIT access to appropriate information

Professional service to assist channeling

Application system

Valid mechanism to determine readiness

**RPL** services

Financial assistance services

Electronic credit system

Open schedule for registration

Appropriate services to foreign students

Preparation to address skills gaps or develop skills

> Assistance to direct unprepared students to alternative options

Continuous staff development drive towards innovation

Viability and sustainability

Intelligent portal

Menu of technologies to optimise flexibility

Multi-purpose LMS

Synchronous and asynchronous

Appropriate accessible technology Appropriate multi-media options

to enhance learning External access network capacity through network of collaboration

JIT capacity

Self-help functions Intelligent administration services

2010 all students have access to a computer

Flexible options for study material

Integrated foundation courses

Individualised learning options

Clear business focus

**Limited PQM** 

Modular system to enable life-long learning

Integrated courseware developed through team approach

Integrated learning environment facilitation seamless learning experience

Individualised learning options

Choice of learning options

Pro-active support through tracking of participation and process

**Effective WIL** 

Institutional processes and capacity designed to academic and learning processes. Accessible facilities to accommodate learning activities

Creativeness of information resources

Continuous focus on limiting drop out and optimise success

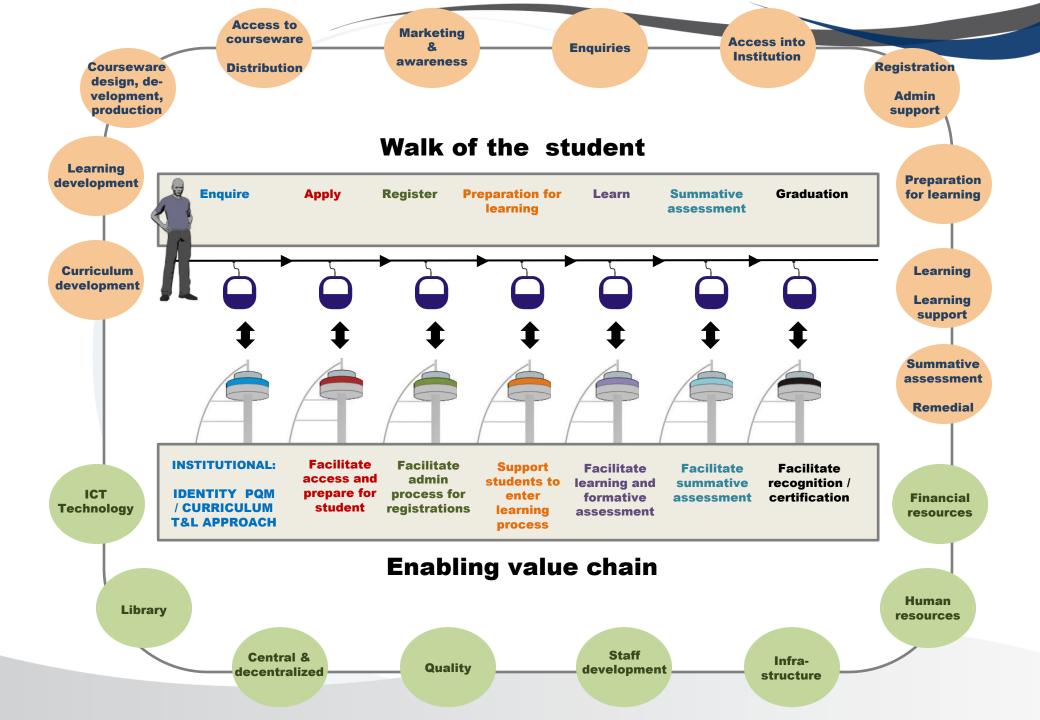
**Diversity of formative assessment** options integrated

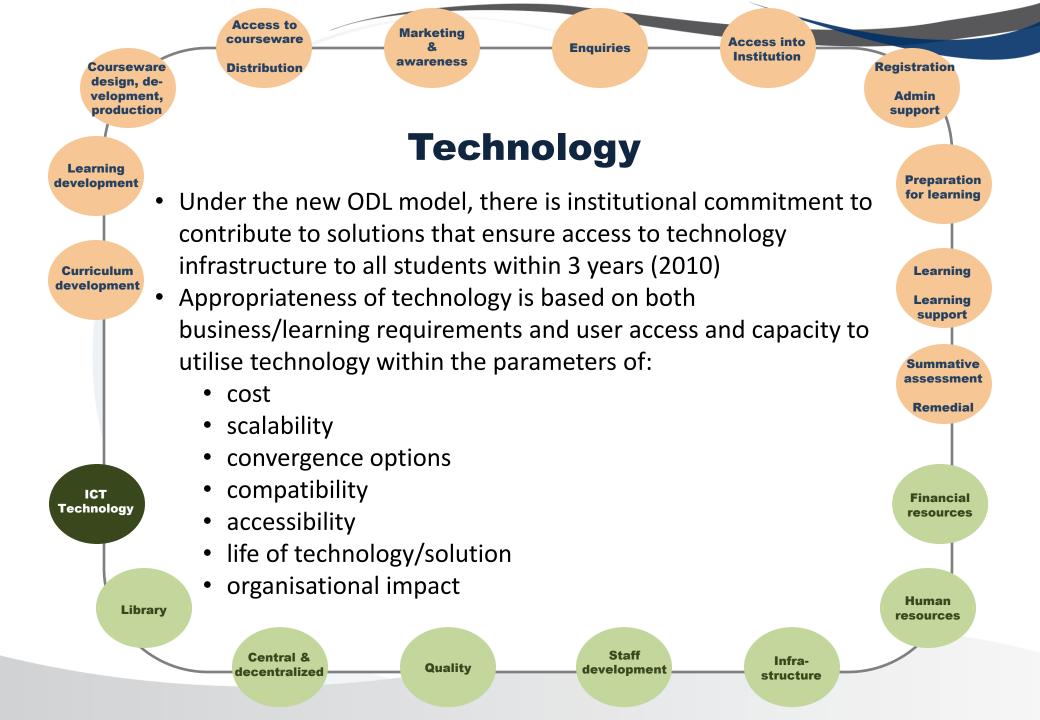
Stimulation for practicals

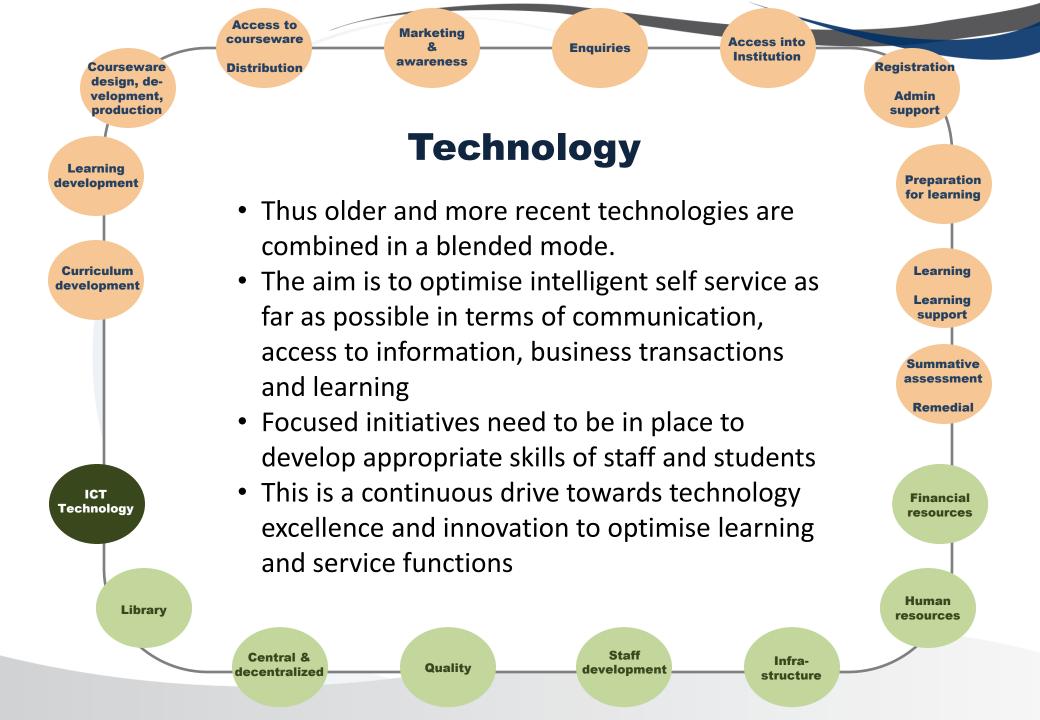
Alternative summative assessment options

Registration

VISION FOR ODL







# THUS...





EXISTING	NEW
•Industrialised delivery culture and practice	•Learner-centred learning environment
•Silo functioning and differentiated approach	•Integrated/aligned business processes to facilitate a seamless experience to learners
•One size fits all	
•Uncritical open access	•Profile/needs based delivery
	<ul> <li>Managed open access to optimise readiness for retention, learning and success</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Focus on access into institution and not</li> </ul>	
on services	<ul> <li>Actively involve learners through e.g. orientation, counseling, skills development, facilitation of learning</li> </ul>
•Content only courseware	
	•Integrated courseware

Existing	New
Distance between lecturers and learners	•Optimise communication, structure for participation to facilitate engagement, interactivity and construction of knowledge
•One dimensional delivery approach	•Blended approach always including human intervention
•Limited access to mainstream and support services including admin, Library etc.	Optimise accessibility of services through infrastructure, ICT based on appropriateness and relevance
•Limited formative assessment	•Compulsory formative assessment (variety) as learning method
•ICT and ODL knowledge and capacity of staff very limited	•Compulsory training in ODL and ICT to ensure appropriate skills
•Ex post facto evaluation and monitoring of progress and success	•Proactive, tracked learning support

EXISTING	NEW
•Bureaucratic culture and business/service approach	•Entrepreneurial and learning organisation based on effective knowledge management
Traditional university organisational model	•New architecture to facilitate ODL
<ul><li>•Quality criteria to meet compliance</li><li>•Traditional PQM and approach to</li></ul>	•Integrated quality culture and practice
teaching and learning	•Re-designed PQM to meet the requirements of effective ODL delivery in the context of society, industry expectations and institutional identity
•Limited ICT and manual processes	•ICT enabled organisation driven by 20/80 principle (20% business and 80% academic support)

# CRITICAL SUCCESS FACTORS FOR UNISA BEING AN ODL INSTITUTION

- 1. Identity, Focus and Culture
- 2. Programme and Qualification Mix / Product range
- 3. Capability and capacity to facilitate access
- 4. Quality of courseware and learning process facilitation
- Capacity to monitor efficiency and effectiveness of the learning cycle to conclude learning
- 6. Institutional capacity and capability to enable the business functions
- 7. Resource allocation, utilisation and management



# How Have We Evolved?





# **ODEL MODEL...ACADEMIC PLAN**

The ODeL model sees a complete shift to Open, Distance, and ultimately eLearning at Unisa, with corresponding implications for all operations and support systems.

In this model, the entire institution's 'transactional environment' with external and internal stakeholders is transformed so that all aspects of that environment are fully digitized and thus underpinned by robust, effective, and integrated ICT applications.

# **ODEL MODEL**

The model does not mean that Unisa will become a fully online University, as face-face-interactions, experiential learning and practical modules associated with distance education will still be offered.

Unisa will offer support to undergraduate and postgraduate students through a menu of high quality, technology-enhanced services (including tutorial and e-learning support services) continuously to **improve student success and throughput.** 

## **BUSINESS MODEL**

# Focus: We are about 'teaching students' and producing (and disseminating) knowledge.

- First, our students, in their diverse settings and backgrounds, will be our point of departure and will be the main focus of the delivery model (ODeL).
- Secondly, the nature of the knowledge, and the differences in the disciplines that we teach, will inform and, thus, affect what, how, and why we teach.
- Thirdly, students' digital literacy forms an integral part of their graduateness. The library has a major role to play in helping to create access to needed resources through virtual library services. Consequently an online library is a key distribution channel at Unisa.
- Unisa will follow a blended approach as a pedagogically sound approach towards ODeL. The e- in ODeL will mean an increased use of the affordances of ICTs, but not a wholesale e-learning approach for all courses at all levels in all colleges. There will be no one-size fits all and flexibility and variation, both in terms of substance and pace between disciplines, will be possible.

## **DEAN'S DOCUMENT**

#### **Traditional Correspondence**

(all paper-based, some f2f support). Some modules and students are still here

#### **Digital Correspondence**

(paper-based transactions transferred to the web, some e-support and some f2f support). Majority of undergraduate and even postgraduate modules at Unisa are here, dual mode is possible here, although not desirable

#### We want to go here (ODeL):

**Blended Learning** 

**Main destination** 

#### **Online-Learning**

Full e-environment with no paper and no f2f. Not the final destination for all Unisa courses, although those that wish to go there should be supported.

## VALUE OF THE 'e'

- a. Economic Rationale....Part of Graduatenes
- b. Pedagogical....Supportive learning tool
- c. Catalytic Rationale...Technology as a medium for educational change and improvement
- d. Social Rationale...Digital competencies as inclusion for full participation in society

# To WHAT END?

# **An Engaged University**

- Is located and rooted in the African context.

# IMPACT FOR STUDENTS

- Access: Students will need access to a device
- **Digital transactions:** Students will apply, register and pay the university digitally; all administrative interactions and transactions will be digital.
- **Resources:** Study material will all be available digitally (except for prescribed books that have to be bought by the student). Printed study guides may be used as appropriate as per College's ODeL plans
- Assessment: Students will submit assignments digitally and receive feedback digitally; (Continuous assessment enabled)
- **Student engagement:** Students may interact with their lecturers, e-tutors and peers digitally (either in asynchronous discussion forums or synchronous virtual seminars) or face-to-face in laboratories, workshops, etc.
- Student technology support: Students have access to a 24/7 ICT Helpdesk for all Unisa systems

# IMPACT FOR ACADEMICS

- Curriculum and material design: Designing curricula and preparing study
  materials using a wide range of ICT-supported resources and activities, including
  face-to-face interactions and written, printed texts such as study guides if required,
  depending on the needs of the discipline and the student profile.
- Assessment: Designing a wide range of formative and summative assessment
- **Student engagement**: Designing for interaction with and between students in both digital and face-to-face formats, depending on the discipline, student profile and student numbers.
- **Institutional support:** Institutional systems support academics to be online 24/7 with a wide variety of systems and software to choose from for T&L; 24/7 Helpdesk for academics.
- Academic support and development: A fully functional and academically sound CPD to support academics in this process. College-specific training programmes should be developed to support the specific College plans as per the planning discussed below

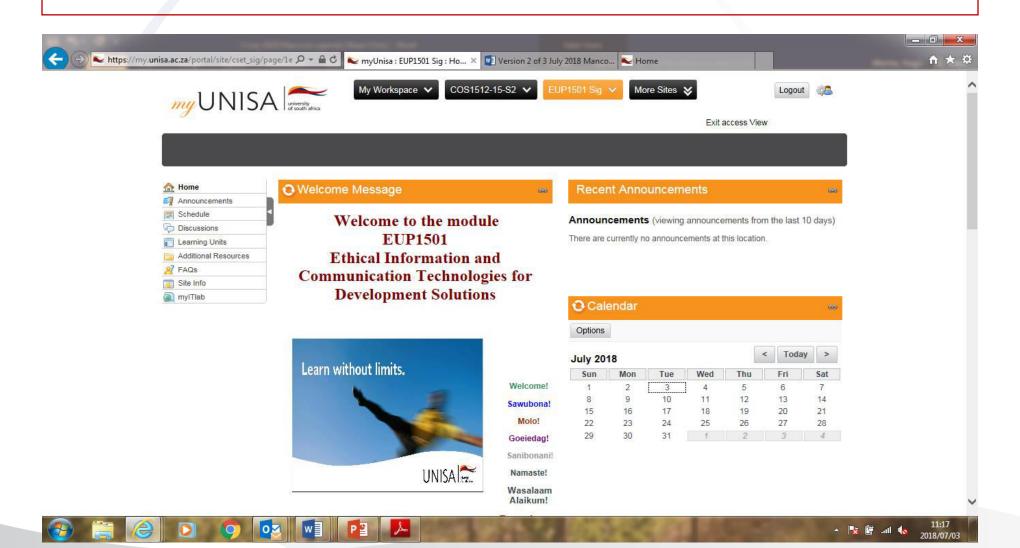
## **MILESTONES**

- Team Approach for Curriculum Development
- Alternative Assessment Training
- Signature Modules
- MyUnisa Tools
- CPD & Academy Established
- UMUC Training
- College ODeL Plans
- From Video Conferening to Broadcasting Capabilities
- Retention Unit
- QA & Enhancement Unit
- First Year Experience

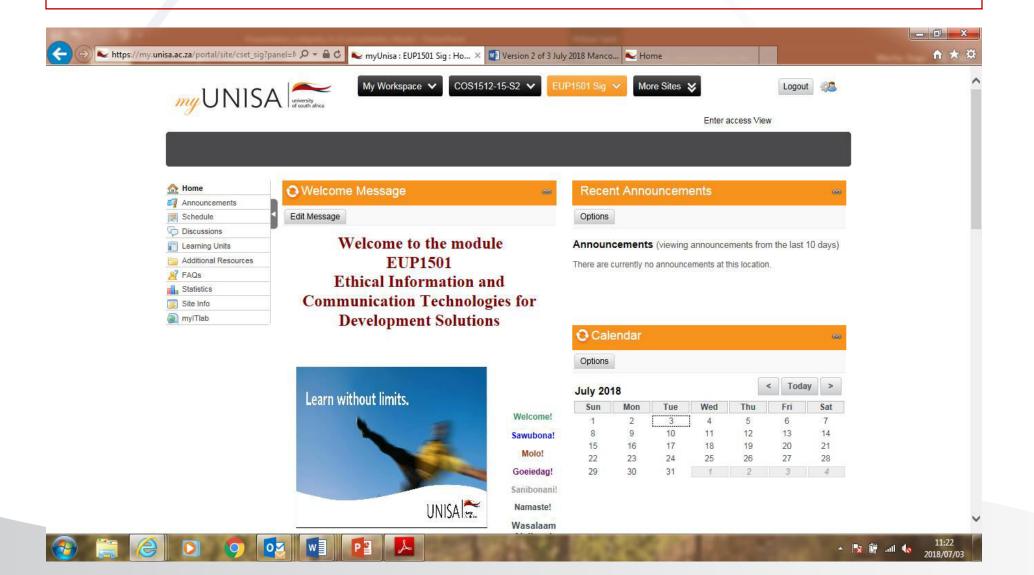
#### **Challenges**

- Effective Service to Students
- Student Tracking
- Technology Support to Students
- Curriculum Transformation

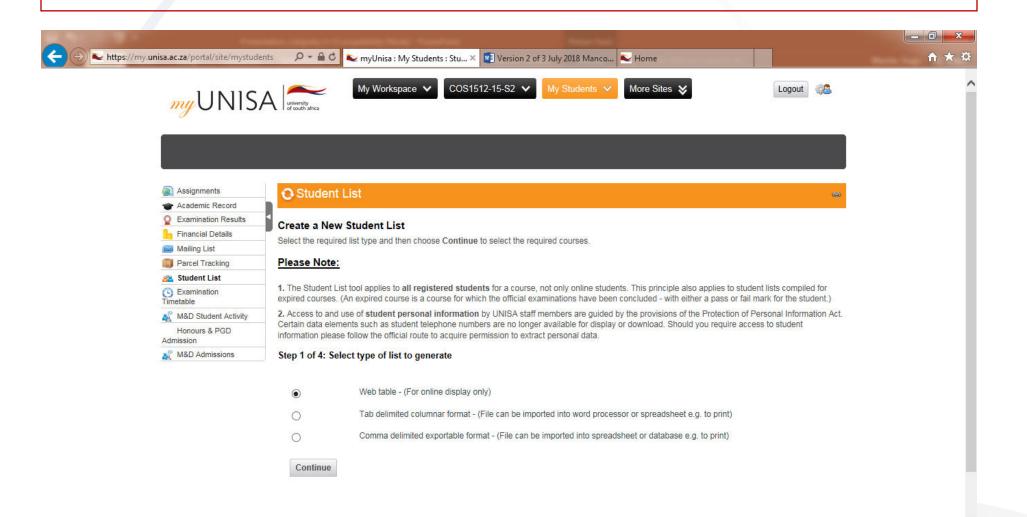
# **MyUnisa**



# **MyUnisa**



# My Students

























# **MEASURES?**





# Measures

# Are We Productive?

- Throughputs & Success rates?
- Progress: Curriculum transformation

# Are We Sustainable?

- Is subsidy being appropriately earned?
- Is our ICT creating new opportunities
- Is the "Students' Success" a success?
   (Retention, and Persistence)

# Measures?

# Are We Transforming?

Academic Transformation? (Knowledge Production)

Graduateness?/Alu mni

# Are We Shaping Futures? (Are we Influential?)

- Employability of our Students
- Dissemination & Reach of the Knowledge Generated?

# Thank you

